



CLASSIX

- 1) $1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + \dots + 2023 - 2024 + 2025 = \dots$
- 1) 1013 2) 2025 3) 1014 4) 2026
- 2) Triangle formed by vertices (3,3), (0,3), (3,0) is _____ triangle.
- 1) Isosceles Right angled 2) Scalene 3) Equilateral 4) None of these
- 3) Number of prime numbers between 2 and 99 is
- 1) 20 2) 24 3) 18 4) 17
- 4) $S = 111\dots\dots 11$ (100 digits) - $2222\dots\dots 22$ (50 digits) , then the sum of digits of $S = \dots\dots$
- 1) 400 2) 848 3) 629 4) 450
- 5) Number of positive integral divisors of 5×10^2 will be
- 1) 12 2) 16 3) 8 4) 49
- 6) The remainder when $x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$ is divided by $x - 4$ is
- 1) 6 2) 0 3) 1 4) -2
- 7) On dividing a number by 56, we get 29 as remainder. On dividing the same number by 8, what will be the remainder ?
- 1) 4 2) 6 3) 5 4) 2
- 8) The German Mathematician who first proved that any polygon can be transformed into any other polygon of equal area by cutting it into finite number of pieces.
- 1) Henry Ernest Dudeney 2) David Hilbert
3) Descartes 4) Euclid
- 9) The ratio of the angles in a golden triangle.
- 1) 1:1:1 2) 1:1:4 3) 1:2:3 4) 1:2:2
- 10) A boy was asked to multiply a number by 25. He, instead multiplied the number by 52 and got the answer 324 more than the correct answer. The number to be multiplied is
- 1) 12 2) 8 3) 14 4) 22

- 11) $(x^2 + y^2 - z^2)^2 - (x^2 - y^2 + z^2)^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- 1) $4x^2y^2 - 4x^2z^2$ 2) $4x^2y^2z^2$ 3) $x^4 + y^4 + z^4$ 4) 0
- 12) If $a = 3 + 2\sqrt{2}$, Then what is the value of $\frac{(a^6 - a^4 - a^2 + 1)}{a^3}$
- 1) 198 2) 204 3) 192 4) 210
- 13) The three sides of a right angled triangle are x , $x+1$ and 5. Find x and the area if the longest side is 5.
- 1) 3,6 2) 4,5 3) 3,5 4) 5,6
- 14) Number of factors with rational coefficients for $x^4 + x^2 + 1$ is
- 1) 3 2) 4 3) 2 4) 0
- 15) Number of terms in the final product of $1 + a$, $1 + a^2$, $1 + a^4$, $1 + a^8$, $1 - a$
- 1) 12 2) 4 3) 2 4) 24
- 16) $10a^2 + 11b^2 = 22$ and $11a^2 = 78 - 10b^2$, then $a^2 + b^2 = \dots\dots$ Number
- 1) Natural 2) Irrational 3) Rational 4) Negative
- 17) Number of real numbers between $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{5}$ will be
- 1) 1 2) 2 3) 0 4) Infinite
- 18) Number of straight lines that can be made pass through (0,0) and (2023,2024) is
- 1) 2023 2) 2024 3) 0 4) 1
- 19) Which of the following is a perfect square ($a, b, c > 0$)
- 1) $a^2b^3c^2$ 2) a^6b^4c 3) $(abc)^3(abc)^{56}$ 4) $\sqrt{abc}(abc)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
- 20) Father of Geometry is
- 1) Pythagorous 2) Euclid 3) Newton 4) Descartes
- 21) No of integer pairs (x, y) satisfying the equation $x + y + xy = 0$ will be
- 1) 0 2) 2 3) 5 4) Infinite

- 22) In a triangle ABC , two sides are 2 and 8 and third side is also an integer. Then the number of such triangles will be
 1) 7 2) 10 3) 6 4) 3
- 23) Number of 5 digit numbers which are multiples of 13 is
 1) 7692 2) 9691 3) 6923 4) 7876
- 24) ABC is a triangle with vertices A = (1,2) , B = (2,1) C = (3,6). If R is a point inside the triangle ABC such that it divides total area of triangle ABC in to 3 equal parts, then sum of the co-ordinates of 'R' will be ...
 1) 3 2) 7 3) 5 4) 8
- 25) Which of the following is equal to x^3 ?
 1)4090 2)-5050 3)-8000 4)5010
- 26) Sum of the first 200 odd natural numbers is
 1) 4×10^4 2) 2×10^5 3) 8×10^3 4) 5×10^6
- 27) $\frac{3+\sqrt{6}}{5\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{12}-\sqrt{32}+\sqrt{50}} = ?$
 1) $\sqrt{5}$ 2) $\sqrt{2}$ 3) $\sqrt{6}$ 4) $\sqrt{3}$
- 28) The value of $\sqrt{10+\sqrt{25+\sqrt{108+\sqrt{154+\sqrt{225}}}}}$ in :
 1) 5 2) 2 3) 3 4) 4
- 29) How many of the following numbers are divisible by 132 ?
 6336, 264, 396, 462, 792, 968, 2178, 5184
 1) 3 2) 4 3) 5 4) 1
- 30) Number of volumes in the book “ The Elements” written by Euclid....
 1) 23 2) 13 3) 14 4) 24
- 31) When $(x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x + 7)$ is divided by $(x - 2)$ then the remainder is :
 1) 3 2) 0 3) -3 4) 2
- 32) In a code language SHIP - SEA = 27 ; BOX - TAB = 18 then BUS - CAR =
 1) 16 2) 24 3) 18 4) 20

33) The Ratio in which the point (1,3) divide the line segment joining the points (-1,7) and (4,-3) is

- 1) 2 : 5 2) 2 : 3 3) 3 : 5 4) 4 : 3

34) find the distance between the points (a, b) ; (-a, -b)

- 1) $2\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ 2) $2\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$ 3) $-2\sqrt{a}$ 4) None

35) The Mathematician who developed relation between Algebraic equations and Geometric curves and figures is

- 1) Rene - Descartes 2) Euclid
3) Bhaskara 4) Brahma Gupta

36) The three rational numbers between 3 & 4 are :

- 1) $\frac{5}{2}, \frac{6}{2}, \frac{7}{2}$ 2) $\frac{13}{4}, \frac{14}{4}, \frac{15}{4}$ 3) $\frac{12}{7}, \frac{13}{7}, \frac{14}{7}$ 4) $\frac{11}{4}, \frac{12}{4}, \frac{13}{4}$

37) A rectangle of dimensions l, b ($l > b$) satisfying $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$ is inscribed in a circle of area _____

- 1) 6.25π 2) 3.75π 3) 1.25π 4) 5π

38) $x + y + xy = \frac{3}{2}$, $y + z + yz = \frac{1}{5}$, $z + x + zx = \frac{1}{3}$ then

$1 + x + y + z + xy + yz + zx + xyz =$ _____

- 1) $\frac{11}{35}$ 2) $\frac{41}{3}$ 3) 4 4) 2

39) In $\triangle ABC$, $AB=7\text{cm}$, $BC=10\text{cm}$ & $AC=8\text{cm}$ if AD is the angle bisector of

$\angle BAC$, where D is a point on BC, then $\frac{DC}{4}$ (in cm) is equal to :

- 1) $\frac{14}{3}$ 2) $\frac{4}{3}$ 3) $\frac{11}{3}$ 4) $\frac{7}{3}$

40) The point where the triangle forms the right angle in the right angled triangle is known as the _____ .

- 1) In-centre 2) Circum-centre
3) Centroid 4) Ortho-centre

41) In an isosceles triangle ABC, if $AB=AC=26$ cm and $BC=20$ cm. The area of the triangle ABC is.....

- A) 180 cm^2 B) 240 cm^2 C) 220 cm^2 D) 260 cm^2

42) The value of $\frac{\sqrt{80}-\sqrt{112}}{\sqrt{45}-\sqrt{63}}$ is

- 1) $\frac{3}{2}$ 2) $\frac{2}{5}$ 3) $\frac{4}{3}$ 4) $\frac{5}{3}$

43) The value of 'k' for which the points (7, -2), (5, 1), (3, -k) are collinear

- 1) 3 2) 2 3) 4 4) 0

44) In the area of the trapezium whose parallel sides are 4cm, 6cm is 40 cm^2 , then the distance between the parallel side is :

- 1) 6cm 2) 8cm 3) 4cm 4) None

45) Average of first 20 even natural numbers is _____

- 1) 21 2) 22 3) 19 4) None

46) $(7+4\sqrt{3})^2(3+2\sqrt{2})^2(7-4\sqrt{3})^2(3-2\sqrt{2})^2 = \dots\dots\dots$

- 1) 0 2) 1 3) $(26-24\sqrt{6})$ 4) $10-6\sqrt{6}$

47) $\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{4}\right)\dots\dots\dots\left(1-\frac{1}{2023}\right) = \frac{x}{4046}$ then $x^2 - 3x + 2 = \dots$

- 1) 0 2) $1/2023$ 3) $3/47$ 4) $4/37$

48) Find the missing term of the series

$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{13}, \frac{4}{21}, \dots, \frac{6}{43}$ is $\frac{x}{y}$ where x is relatively prime to y , then $y-6x =$

- 1) 1 2) 0 3) 12 4) 4

49) The coordinates of a point A, Where AB is the diameter of the circle whose center is (2, -3) & B is (1, 4).

- 1) (3, 5) 2) (3, -10) 3) (5, 10) 4) (-3, -10)

- 50) Triplets of odd numbers (x,y,z) with $1 \leq x < y < z \leq 10$ are generated such that $x+y+z$ is prime number. the number of such triplets will be
- 1) 3 2) 5 3) 6 4) 8
- 51) if $x + y + z = 0$ then $\frac{x^2}{yz} + \frac{y^2}{xz} + \frac{z^2}{xy} + 4$ is _____ number
- 1) even 2) prime 3) square 4) Odd cube
- 52) The next two numbers in the series 1,3,9,15,25,-----,-----.
- 1) 36,48 2) 35,49 3) 36,49 4) 35,48
- 53) In a $\triangle ABC$, points P, Q & R are taken on AB, BC and CA respectively such that $BQ = PQ$ and $QC = QR$, if $\angle BAC = 75^\circ$ what is the measure of $\angle PQR$ (in degrees)
- A) 75 B) 50 C) 30 D) 40
- 54) If the diagonal of a square is 'a' units what is the diagonal of the square whose area is double that of the 1st square
- 1) $2a$ 2) a^2 3) $\sqrt{2}a$ 4) $\frac{a^2}{2}$
- 55) Sum of the Kaprekar's Constant and Ramanujan number
- 1) 7900 2) 7903 3) 7803 4) 7309
- 56) The circumference of the circle is inscribed in an equilateral triangle is 88cm.
The semi-perimeter (in cm) of the triangle _____ (use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
- 1) $44\sqrt{3}$ 2) $42\sqrt{3}$ 3) $66\sqrt{3}$ 4) $84\sqrt{3}$
- 57) The base of the parallelogram is twice its height if the area is 392 sq.m. what is its height
- 1) 12m 2) 24m 3) 14m 4) 28m

58) The two adjacent sides of a parallelogram are 12cm and 5cm respectively. If one of the diagonals is 13cm long, then what is the area of the parallelogram ?

1) 60 cm^2

2) 30 cm^2

3) 75 cm^2

4) 25 cm^2

59) A number leaves a remainder 2 when divided by 6. Then the sum all possible remainders when the same number is divided by 9 is

1) 15

2) 22

3) 12

4) 7

60) If point C be the mid point of a line segment AB, then write the relation among AC, BC and AB .

1) $AB = AC = \frac{1}{2} BC$

2) $BC = AB = \frac{1}{2} AC$

3) $AC = BC = \frac{1}{2} AB$

4) None